Study Smart

Strategies for Success

Academic Success

Amy Tucker, Director of Academic Success tuckera@uiu.edu

Learning is Misunderstood

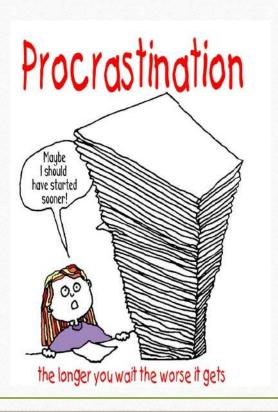
- Assumptions
 - Should be fast and simple
 - Being good at something takes talent
 - A person can be good at multitasking when studying or in class
 - Fluency and familiarity are equivalent to mastery and long-term retention
 - Failure is bad

Learning is Misunderstood

- Instead:
 - There are illusions of knowing
 - Over-confidence: Self-awareness and self-regulation is often less than realized
 - Students might be aware of, but do not understand, how cognitive processes work together for information retention

Use Your Time Wisely

- Schedule time in your planner to study
 - 30-60 minutes each day per class
 - Longer periods of time a few nights before big exams
- Stick to that schedule
 - Turn off phone
 - Close personal websites
- Identify specific goals before that time
 - Review notes
 - Study vocab flashcards



Take Purposeful Notes

- Be conscious of your note-taking
- It's easy to write things down without processing
- Make your notes complete so when you return to them you don't have questions
- Don't just rely on PowerPoint slides
- Avoid highlighting
- TAKE NOTES IN YOUR OWN WORDS!
 - Write down thoughts you have while reading or listening to lecture
 - Write down questions you have and listen for the answers or ask

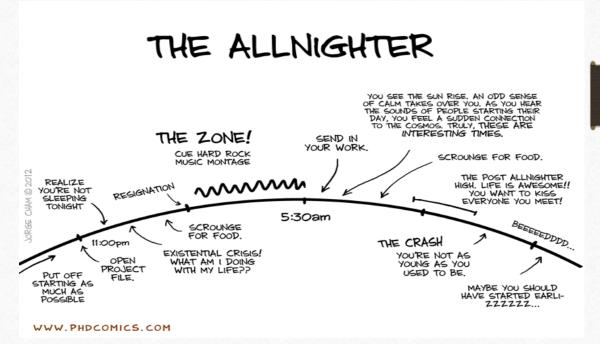
Take advantage of your resources

- Instructors
 - Visit their office hours
 - Discuss the material with them
- Tutor Center & Writing Center
- Other students in your course may be able to help explain something in another way



Be Realistic

- Recognize optimal study times
- Don't schedule 5 continuous hours of study time
- Review daily to avoid all-nighters
- Give yourself breaks during long periods
 - 5-10 minutes for every 20-30 minutes



Choose a Good Location

- Distraction-free
 - Close personal websites
 - Turn off your phone or leave it in another room
 - Turn off the TV, etc.
- Adequate space
 - Desk or table where you can spread out all necessary materials



Retrieval Practice and Forced Recall

- Practice remembering what you are trying to learn in multiple ways
- Pull the information from memory in your own words
- The more times you practice from memory, the longer you will retain the information
- Can take many forms

Prepare a Study Guide – Test Yourself

- Write questions based on lecture and your notes
- Write a question on one side of the page or flashcard and the answer on the other side
- Break complex topics into simple questions
- Cover the answer and try to answer from memory
- Quiz yourself a few times a week

Keep Your Notes/Flashcards with You

- Take advantage of free time
- Time between classes
- If class gets out early or is cancelled
- If you're waiting for the doctor, an oil change, etc.



Group Study Sessions

- Each person identifies main points and create a study guide pre-meeting
- Discuss main points as a group and identify common points
- Compile one study guide
- Take turns quizzing each other answer in your own words, force recall
- Explain topics to each other when one person doesn't know the answer

Beware of familiarity

- Something might look familiar, so you stop practicing recall for the topic
- Familiarity is often mistaken for recall.
- Example of this when studying flashcards you look at the answer and tell yourself "Oh yeah, I knew that."
- You definitely didn't know it.

Spacing while studying

- This is why cramming doesn't work
- Allows for consolidation
 - Happens during sleep
- Allows for forgetting which is good, because you get to practice recall again!

Interleaving and difficulty

- Mixing up topics as a form of spacing
- Practicing different skills for a topic in shorter segments can help you discriminate problem solving techniques later
- All of these practices come together in a desirably difficult way
- When studying requires a considerable amount of effort, you will improve long-term performance

Reward Yourself

- Give yourself an appropriate award
- After you complete studying, watch a favorite show, take a bubble bath, play a game, etc.
- If you get an A on an exam, get your nails done, go to a movie, go to a sporting event etc.
- Retrieval Practice/Forced Recall
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Pjrqc6UMDKM
- <u>Effective Flashcards</u>
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mzCEJVtED0U

